Name: \_\_\_\_\_

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#### Fraction Arithmetic

Let  $b, e \neq 0$  in the following.

$$\frac{a}{b} + \frac{c}{b} = \frac{a+c}{b}$$

$$\frac{a}{b} \cdot \frac{c}{e} = \frac{a \cdot c}{b \cdot e}$$

$$\frac{1}{\frac{a}{b}} = \frac{b}{a}$$

$$\frac{a \cdot c}{b} = a \cdot \frac{c}{b}$$

#### **Exponential Arithmetic**

Let a, b > 0 in the following.

$$a^{r+s} = a^r \cdot a^s$$

$$a^{r-s} = \frac{a^r}{a^s}$$

$$(a^r)^s = a^{r \cdot s}$$

$$a^{-s} = \frac{1}{a^s}$$

$$(a \cdot b)^r = a^r \cdot b^r$$

$$a^s = \frac{1}{a^{-s}}$$

$$\sqrt[r]{a \cdot b} = \sqrt[r]{a} \cdot \sqrt[r]{b}$$

$$\sqrt[r]{a} = a^{1/r}$$

# Fractions which do NOT simplify easily

Doesn't simplify at all:  $\frac{3}{x+1}$ 

Must find a common denomiator before you can combine terms:

$$\frac{x+1}{x-1} + \frac{1}{x} = \frac{x \cdot (x+1) + (x-1) \cdot 1}{x \cdot (x-1)} = \frac{x^2 + 2x - 1}{x^2 - x}$$

# Exponents and Products that do NOT simplify easily

Doesn't simplify at all:

$$\sqrt{x+1} = (x+1)^{1/2}$$

You must FOIL to simplify:

$$(x+1)^2 = (x+1)(x+1) = x^2 + 2x + 1$$

You must rewrite, FOIL, and distribute twice to simplify:

$$(x+1)^3 = (x+1)(x^2+2x+1) = (x+1) \cdot x^2 + (x+1) \cdot 2x + (x+1) \cdot 1$$

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### **Graphs of Common Functions**















